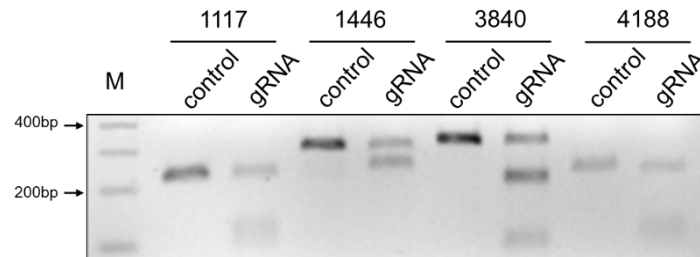


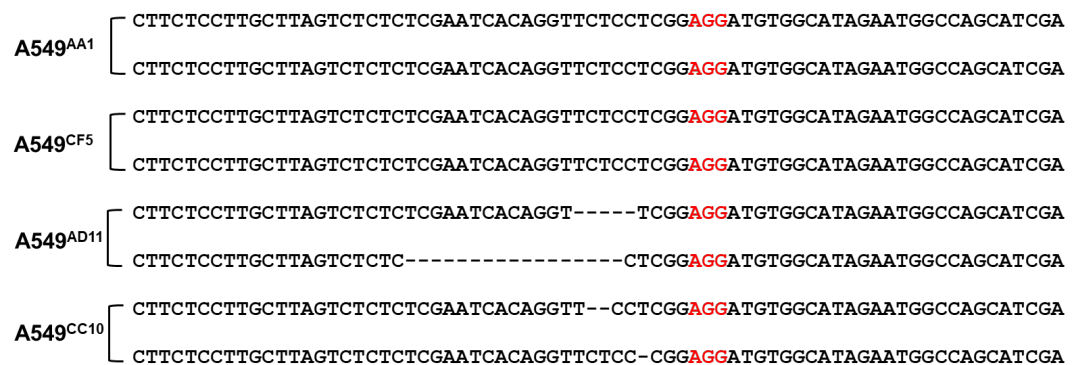
## Supplementary figures

Supplementary Fig. 1



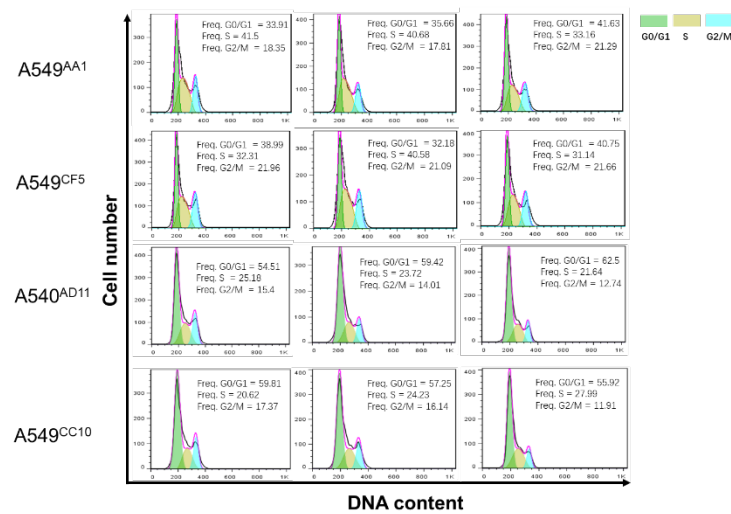
**Supplementary Fig. 1** The T7 endonuclease I assay was performed to assess indels in the *HUWE1* locus. The gRNA-3840 was considered to be the most-active gRNA and used in the following experiment. The empty vector was used as a control.

Supplementary Fig. 2



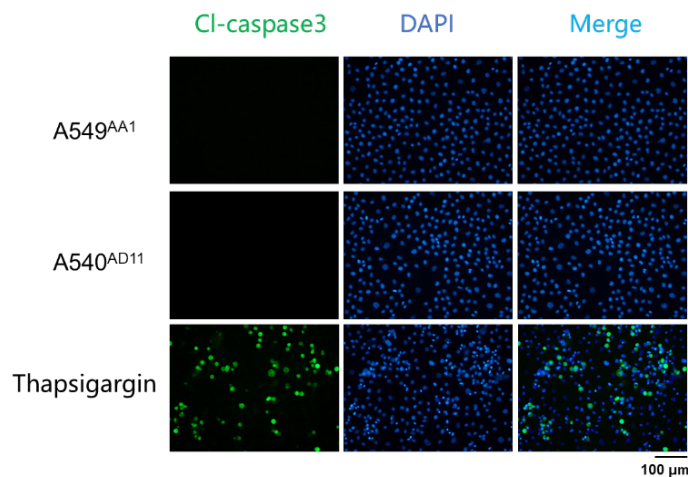
**Supplementary Fig. 2** The schematic showing *HUWE1* mutations in A549<sup>AD11</sup> and A549<sup>CC10</sup> clones. The *HUWE1* gRNA-3840 plasmid was transfected into A549 cells and single-cell culture was established using the limiting dilution method. Sanger sequencing was performed to detect *HUWE1* mutations in A549<sup>AA1</sup>, A549<sup>CF5</sup>, A549<sup>AD11</sup>, and A549<sup>CC10</sup> clones. The PAM sequence was marked in red.

Supplementary Fig. 3



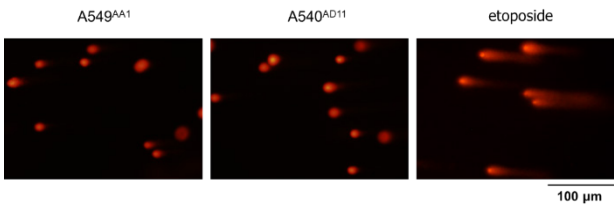
**Supplementary Fig. 3 Flow cytometry analysis for the cell cycle of the indicated cells.** The cells were collected when they were in a confluency between 50-60%, and cell cycle analysis was performed as described in materials and methods.

Supplementary Fig. 4



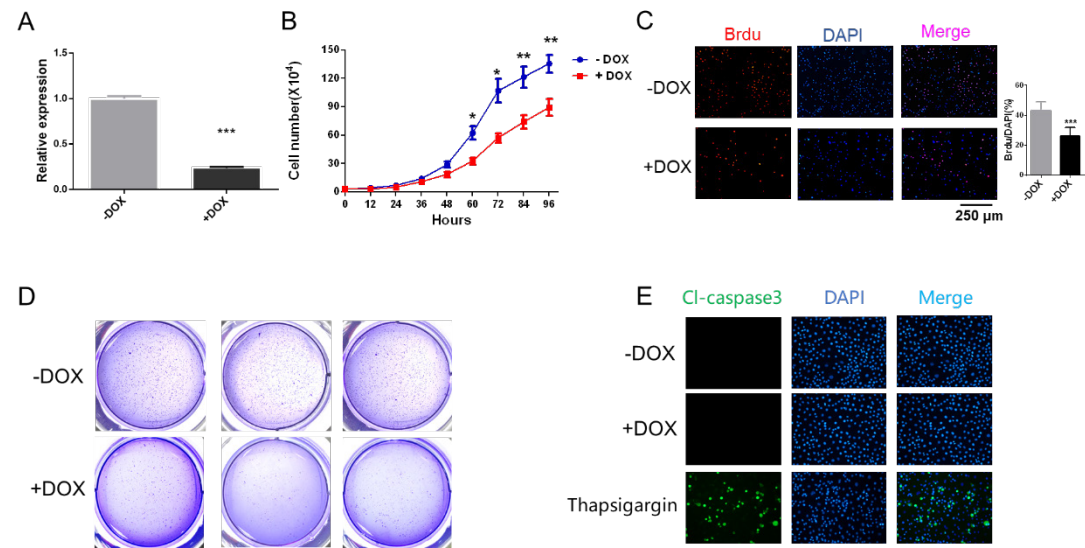
**Supplementary Fig. 4 Deletion of HUWE1 didn't induce apoptosis in A549 cell.** Cleaved-caspase 3 (green) and DAPI (blue) stained in indicated cells. Thapsigargin was used as the positive control to induce A549 cells apoptosis.

Supplementary Fig. 5



**Supplementary Fig. 5 The comet assay for DNA damage in the indicated cells.** Etoposide (1 μg/ml) was used as the positive control to induce DNA damage in A549 cells.

Supplementary Fig. 6



**Supplementary Fig. 6 HUWE1 knockdown impaired cell proliferation and colony formation capacity**

(A) Realtime quantitative RT-PCR was used to determine HUWE1 expression level in A549/teton-shHUWE1 cells with or without doxycycline (DOX). The results are presented as the mean  $\pm$  SD (\*\*\*,  $P < 0.001$ , unpaired t-test).

(B) Growth curves for A549/teton-shHUWE1 cells with or without DOX. A549/teton-

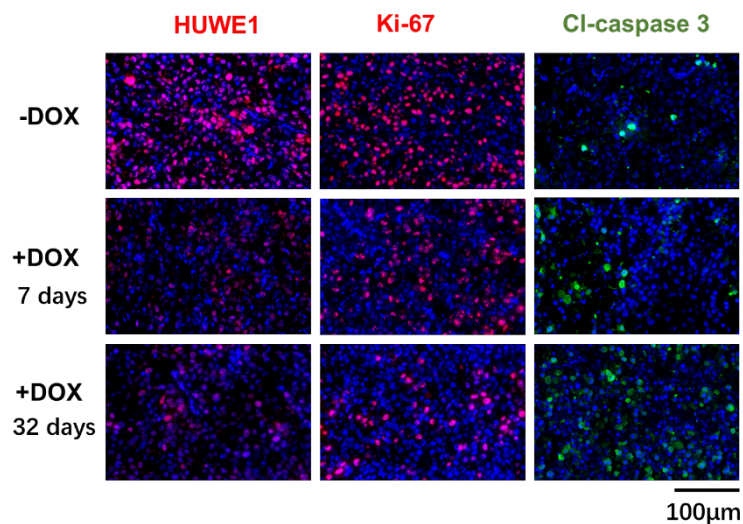
shHUWE1 cells were treated with Dox for 2 days, then planted in 12-well plates. The number of cells was counted every 12 hours. The data were presented as the means  $\pm$  SD (\*\*,  $P < 0.01$ , unpaired t-test).

(C) BrdU incorporation assay was used to evaluate the DNA synthesis and proliferation rates of A549/teton-shHUWE1 cells with or without DOX. The data are presented as the means  $\pm$  SD (\*\*\*,  $P < 0.01$ , unpaired t-test).

(D) Soft agar colony formation assays for A549/teton-shHUWE1 cells with or without DOX.

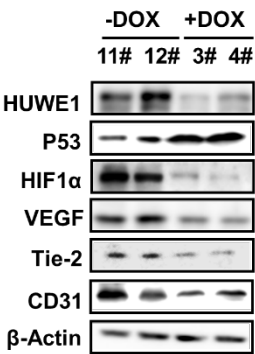
(E) A549/teton-shHUWE1 cells were treated with Dox for 5 days, then cleaved-caspase 3 antibody was used to detect cell apoptosis. Thapsigargin was used as the positive control to induce A549 cells apoptosis.

Supplementary Fig. 7



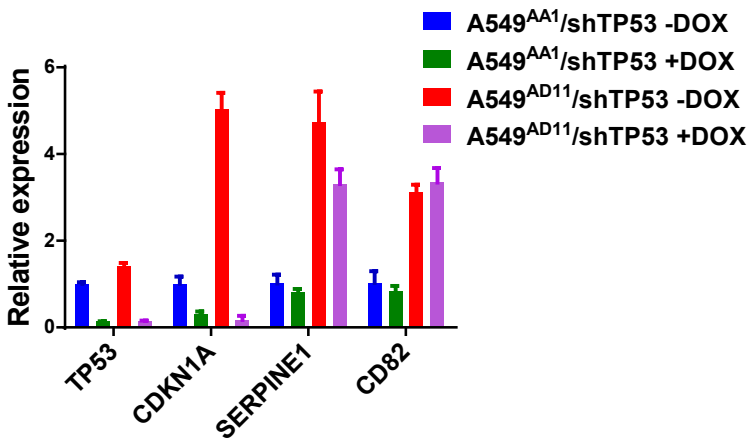
**Supplementary Fig. 7 HUWE1 knockdown impaired the tumorigenicity of lung cancer cells.** HUWE1, Ki67, and cleaved (Cl)-caspase 3 staining in cancer tissues described in Fig.3E at day 7 and day 32 after doxycycline (DOX) treatment.

Supplementary Fig. 8



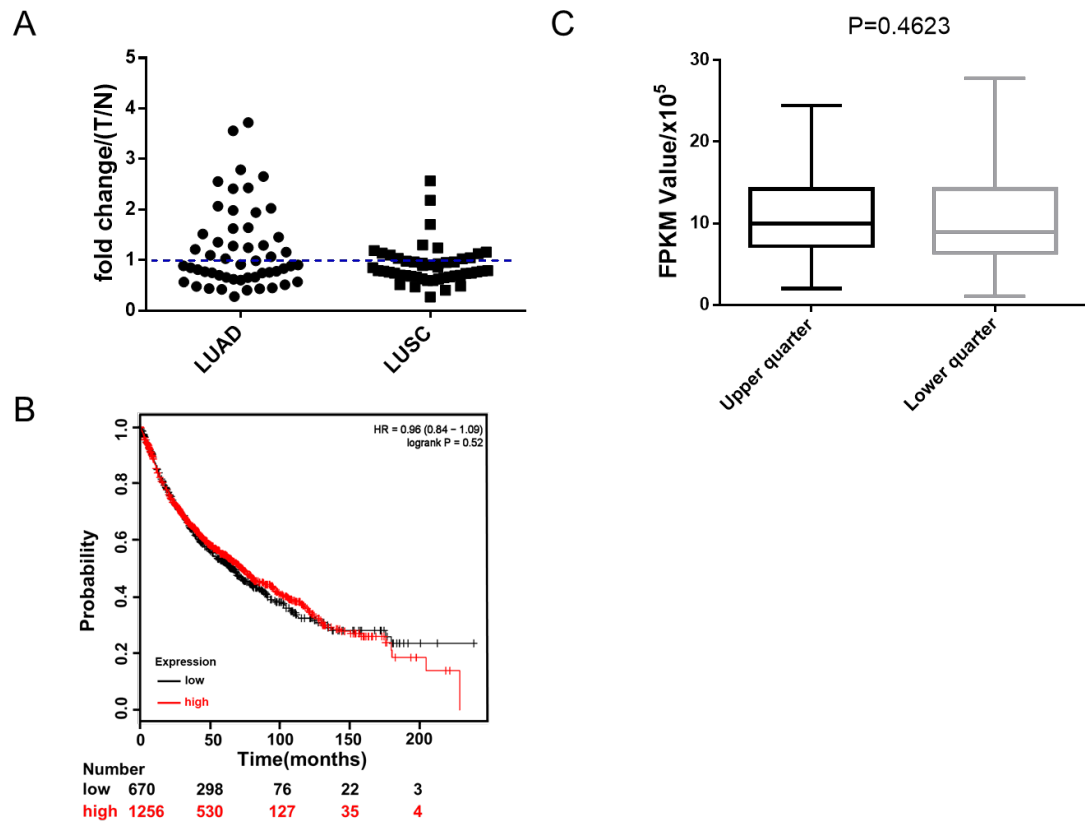
**Supplementary Fig. 8 HUWE1 knockdown inhibited angiogenesis in xenograft tumors.** Proteins were extracted from the tumors formed by A549/teton-shHUWE1 cells in BALB/c nude mice described in Fig. 3E. Markers of angiogenesis in the lysates were detected by western blotting; 3#, 4#, 11# and 12# indicated the serial number of mice. β-actin was used as a loading control.

Supplementary Fig. 9



**Supplementary Fig. 9 Realtime quantitative RT-PCR showed the expression of the indicated genes.** HUWE1 wild type cells and HUWE1-null cells were infected with teton-shTP53 lentivirus. *TP53* knockdown was induced by doxycycline (DOX), and quantitative RT-PCR was performed as described in materials and methods. The data are presented as the means ± SD.

Supplementary Fig. 10



**Supplementary Fig. 10 The association between MDM2 expression and prognosis**

(A) The fold change of MDM2 mRNA expression in lung cancer(T) and adjacent normal tissue(N). The RNAseq data was downloaded from the TCGA website. LUAD, lung adenocarcinoma; LUSC, lung squamous cell carcinoma. 49% of LUAD and 27% of LUSC have elevated MDM2 expression compared with paired normal tissue (fold change>1).

(B) Kaplan-Meier plot showing overall survival of non-small-cell lung cancer patients stratified by high or low *MDM2* mRNA expression (lower tertile).

(C) The box plot displaying the mRNA expression of *CDKN1A* in the *MDM2* low (upper quarter) and *MDM2* high (lower quarter) expression group (P=0.4623, unpaired t-test).