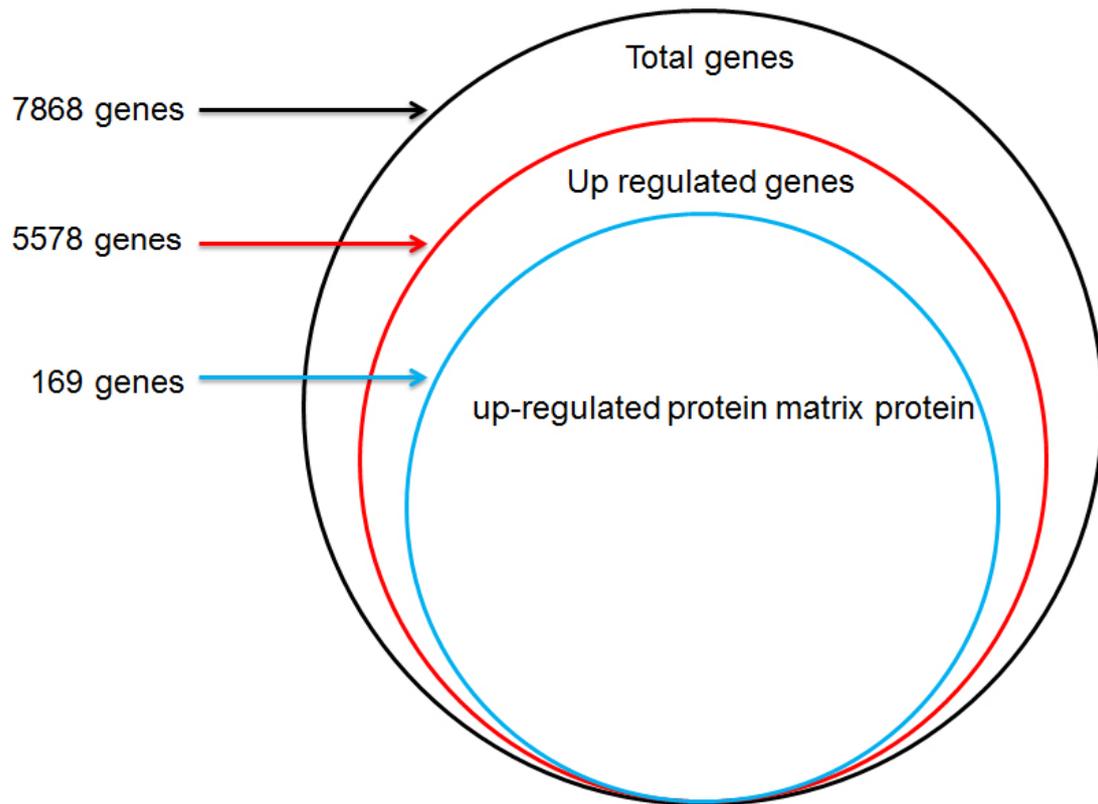
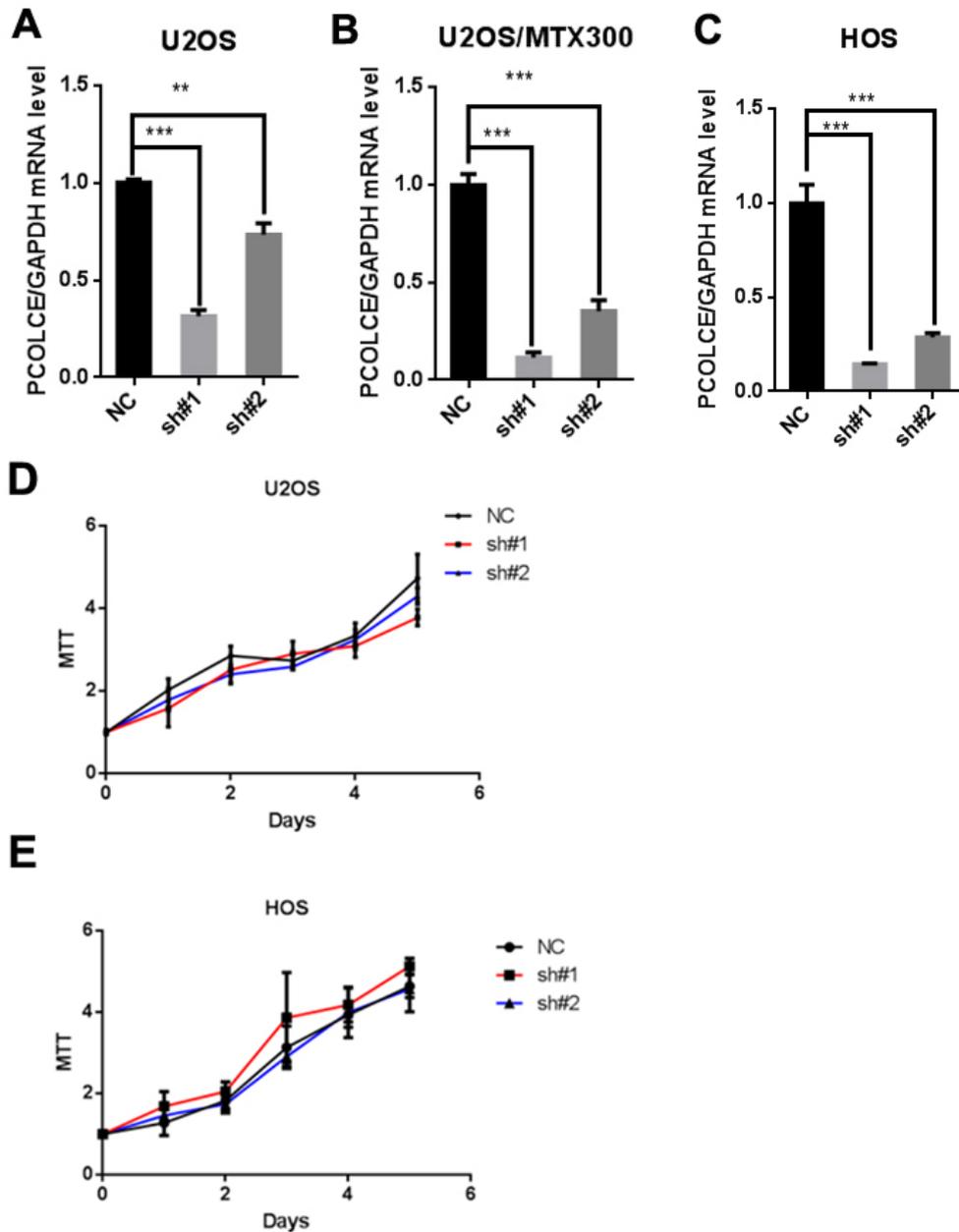


**Supplementary Table 1.** The correlations between *TWIST1* mRNA levels and *PCOLCE* mRNA levels in 18 different cancer types from the ChIPBase v2.0 database.

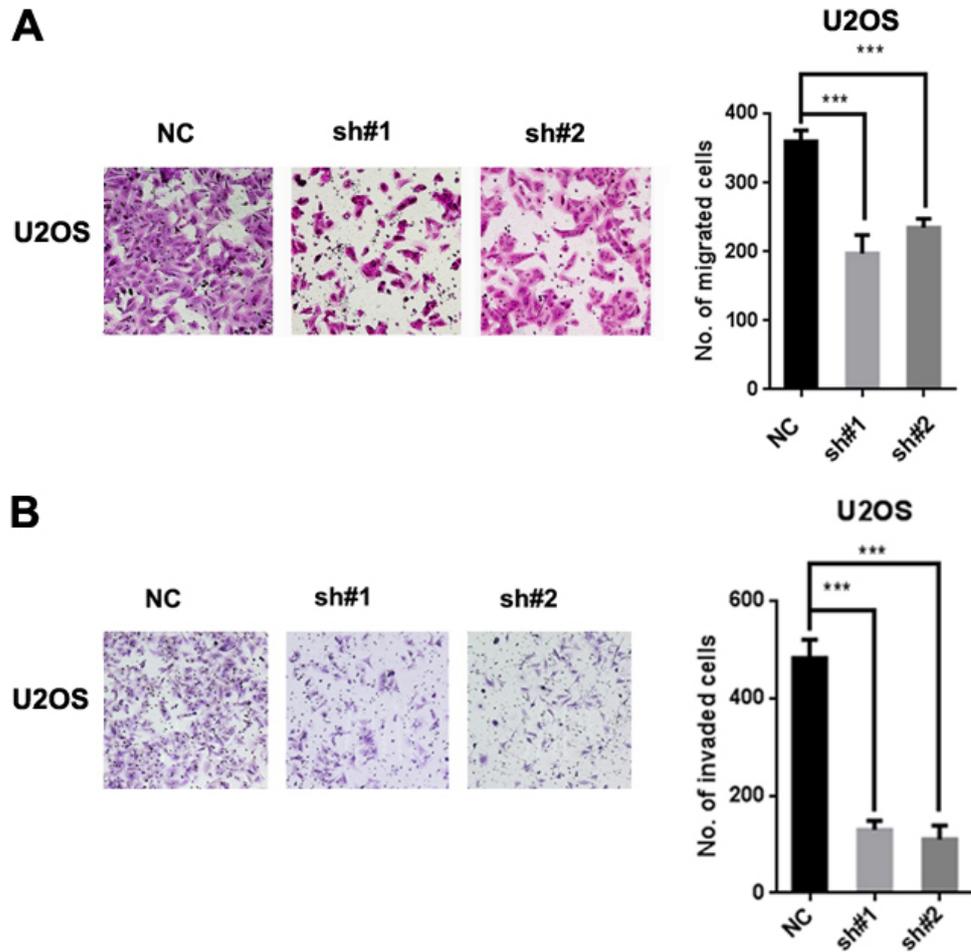
<b>Diseases or Studies</b>	<b>Sample number</b>	<b>Pearson coefficient r</b>	<b>p-value(two tail, t-test)</b>
thyroid carcinoma	571	0.8183	5.56E-139
glioblastoma multiforme	171	0.5292	9.96E-14
sarcoma	264	0.4724	4.46E-16
thymoma	121	0.6806	8.88E-18
uterine corpus endometrioid carcinoma	204	0.5825	6.31E-20
rectum adenocarcinoma	103	0.8425	6.96E-29
esophageal carcinoma	195	0.7032	2.07E-30
lung squamous cell carcinoma	548	0.4806	5.19E-33
skin cutaneous melanoma	470	0.5221	3.15E-34
ovarian serous cystadenocarcinoma	425	0.6148	1.57E-45
bladder urothelial carcinoma	426	0.625	1.53E-47
pancreatic adenocarcinoma	183	0.8456	3.26E-51
stomach adenocarcinoma	450	0.6373	1.19E-52
lung adenocarcinoma	574	0.5846	6.34E-54
colon adenocarcinoma	331	0.7708	2.17E-66
kidney clear cell carcinoma	603	0.6765	6.85E-82
head & neck squamous cell carcinoma	564	0.7383	3.3E-98
breast invasive carcinoma	1212	0.5644	6.6E-103



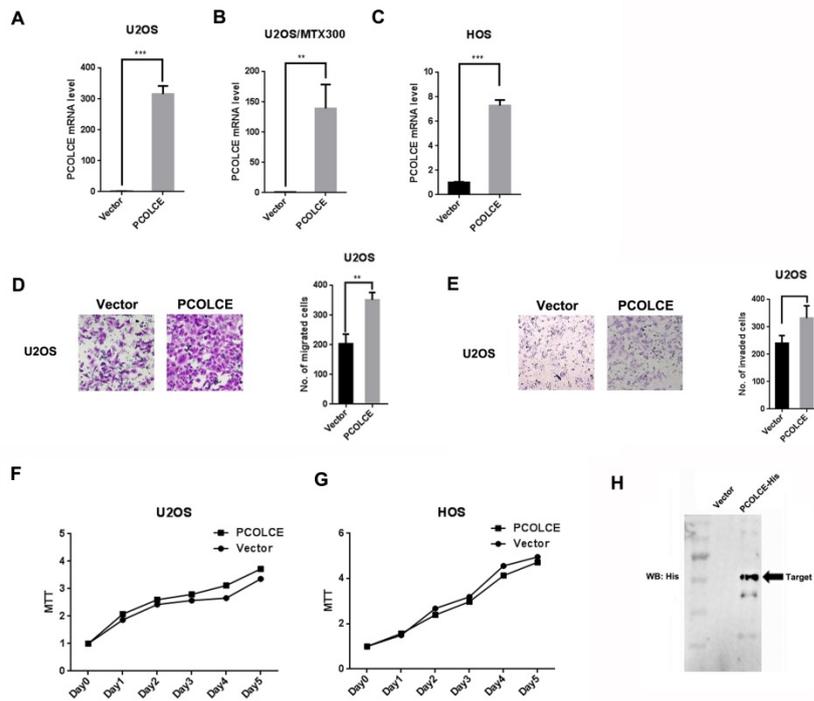
**Supplementary Fig. S1.** The analyses of RNA-seq data from 4 paracancerous tissues and 16 osteosarcoma tissues. 7868 genes were significantly changed, 5578 genes including 169 genes encoding extracellular matrix proteins were up-regulated, which were listed as Supplementary Table S1 (sheet 1-2).



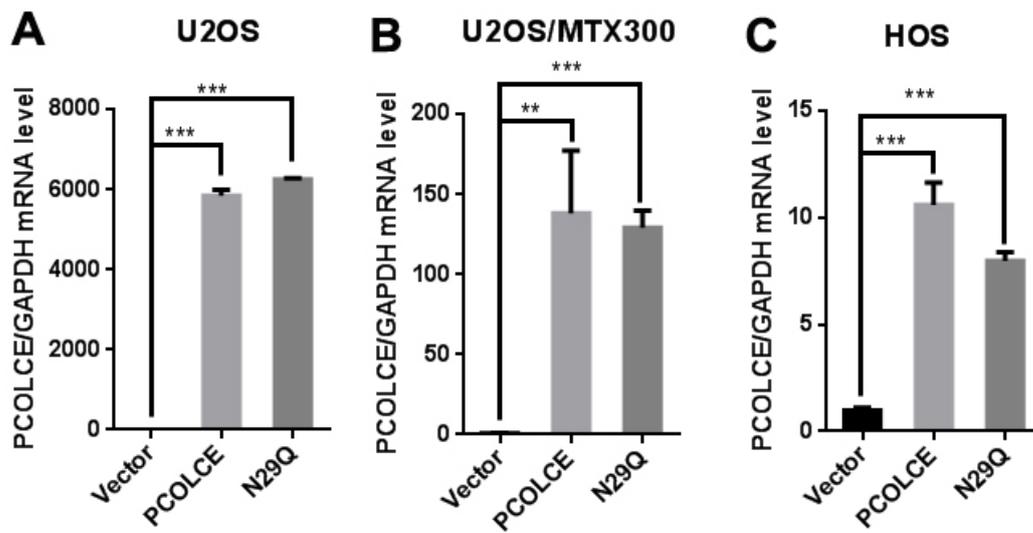
**Supplementary Fig. S2.** The knockdown efficiencies in shRNA#1 or shRNA#2 against *PCOLCE* in the indicated stable cell lines. The mRNA levels were measured by qRT-PCR in U2OS (**A**), U2OS/MTX300 (**B**) and HOS (**C**). The cell viability of U2OS (**D**) and HOS (**E**) was measured as described in “Materials and Methods”. The representative images and quantification analyses were shown (mean  $\pm$  SD , n=3, \* $p$ <0.05, \*\* $p$ <0.01, \*\*\* $p$ <0.001)



**Supplementary Fig. S3.** The Migration (**A**) and invasion (**B**) assays were performed and quantified in U2OS as described in Materials and Methods. The representative images and quantification analyses were shown (mean  $\pm$  SD,  $n=3$ , \* $p<0.05$ , \*\* $p<0.01$ , \*\*\* $p<0.001$ ).



**Supplementary Fig. S4.** The over-expression of PCOLCE in the indicated stable cell lines was confirmed at mRNA level by qRT-PCR in U2OS (**A**), U2OS/MTX300 (**B**) and HOS (**C**). Migration (**D**) and invasion (**E**) assays were performed and quantified in U2OS as described in Materials and Methods. The representative images and quantification analyses were shown (mean  $\pm$  SD ,  $n=3$ , \* $p<0.05$ , \*\* $p<0.01$ , \*\*\* $p<0.001$ ), Cell viability of U2OS (**F**) and HOS (**G**) was measured as described in Materials and Methods. (**H**) The purified PCOLCE-His tag proteins from 293T cells transiently transfected with the indicated plasmids were subjected to Western blotting.



**Supplementary Fig. S5.** The relative mRNA levels of *PCOLCE* in the indicated cells stably overexpressing wild-type *PCOLCE* or N29Q-*PCOLCE* as indicated.