Supplementary Information

Identification of glycogene-type and validation of ST3GAL6 as a biomarker predicts clinical outcome and cancer cell invasion in urinary bladder cancer

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Supplementary Figure S1. Overview for the analysis procedure in this study. 1)

Unsupervised hierarchical clustering of 185 glycogenes in TCGA-BLCA provisional dataset, showing the high correlation between glycogene-types and molecular subtypes of UBC (Cell 2017). 2) Using hierarchical clustering along with survival analysis, a 14-glycogene signature for glycogene-type classification was identified and confirmed in TCGA-BLCA provisional, MSK (JCO 2013), GSE13507, and GSE32894 datasets. 3) By Pearson correlation analysis, molecular correlation between 8 glycogenes from the 14-glycogene signature with complete probe information and 8 molecular features for UBC patients was analyzed. In 12 datasets, ST3GAL6 gene was shown consistent changes, negative association with Luminal subtype. 4) Correlations between ST3GAL6 gene expression and tumor stage, grade, lymph node invasion, recurrence, survival, and GATA3 gene expression were analyzed. 5) Bioinformatics prediction for transcriptional factor binding site, promoter activity, MAL II blotting, immunofluorescence staining, cell proliferation, cell migration (wound-healing) and cell invasion (transwell) assays were performed to investigate the negative regulation of GATA3, luminal-specific transcription factor, on ST3GAL6 gene expression and further functions.

Α

TCGA Provisional



Supplementary Figure S2. A 14-gene signature for UBC glycogene-type classification. A, 14 glycogenes were identified to be significantly dysregulated in subcluster B1 comparing with subclusters A1, A2 and B2 (TCGA provisional dataset). This 14-glycogene signature allowed the glycogene-based classification (14-G Cluster I and II) in UBC patients from TCGA provisional (**B**), MSK (JCO 2013, **C**), GSE32894 (**D**) and GSE13507 (**E**) datasets.



Supplementary Figure S3. The correlations between mRNA expressional levels of 14-glycogene signature and 6 molecular features in UBC patients. Pearson correlation analyses (r value, **A**) with the statistical significance of correlation (p value, **B**) were performed between the expression levels of 8 glycogenes from the 14-gene signature with the complete probe information and 6 molecular features (Squamous-differentiation, Epithelial-mesenchymal, cancer-stem cell, Claudin-low, p53-like and neuroendocrine) in 12 independent cohorts (n=2,130 in total). Colored-blocks in the heatmaps represented the glycogenes with upregulation (in red) or downregulation (in blue), respectively.



Supplementary Figure S4. The correlations between mRNA expression level of ST3GAL6 and clinical features in UBC patients. A-E, The correlation between ST3GAL6 mRNA levels and tumor grade of UBC patients from GES13507 (A), GES31684 (B), GES32584 (C), GES32894 (D), and TCGA provisional (E) datasets. The association of ST3GAL6 mRNA levels with the status of lymph node metastasis (F) and recurrence (G) in TCGA provisional dataset. G1, grade 1; G2, grade 2; G3, grade 3. >=N1, with lymph node metastasis; N0, without lymph node metastasis. *, p < 0.05; **, p < 0.01; ***, p < 0.001.



Supplementary Figure S5. The Pearson correlation of mRNA expression levels between ST3GAL6 and GATA3 genes in five independent UBC cohorts.



Supplementary Figure S6. The conserved GATA3 binding site in the intron 1 of ST3GAL6 is required for GATA3 to downregulate ST3GAL6 expression. A, The genomic structure of *ST3GAL6* gene on human chromosome 3q12.1. Yellow box, untranslated region (UTR). Blue box, open reading frame (ORF). **B**, The plot of conserved rate between human and mouse *ST3GAL6* gene, which was analyzed on Comparative Genomics Developments website (www.dcode.org). **C**, The location and comparison of conserved GATA3 binding sites between human and mouse *ST3GAL6* loci. **D**, The promoter activity from ST3GAL6 luciferase reporters (ST3GAL6-Luc), driven by the ST3GAL6 promoter fragment containing the wildtype (WT) or mutant GATA3 binding site. GATA3 expression plasmid were co-transfected with ST3GAL6 luciferase reporter and pRL-CMV plasmid into 293T cells. pCDH-3XFLAG was used as control plasmid for GATA3 expression plasmid. ***, p < 0.001; n.s., p ≥ 0.05.



Supplementary Figure 7. Biological effects of ST3GAL6 knockdown by shRNAs on UBC cells. A, Effects of ST3GAL6 knockdown by shRNAs on RAS-RAF-MEK-ERK, PI3K-AKT and JAK-STAT pathways in 5637 UBC cells, detected by Western blotting analysis. The normalized protein level (the ratio of test protein to GAPDH protein from same sample) was indicated below each band by ImageJ software. **B**, Effects of ST3GAL6 knockdown by shRNAs on cell invasion in 5637 UBC cells, detected by transwell invasion assay. Scale bars, 50 μ m. **C**, Quantifications of images from the transwell invasion assay. Data were presented as mean ± SD of three independent experiments; ***, p < 0.001.

	Direction	Sequences (5'-3')				
qRT-PCR primers						
CATA2	Forward	GCCCCTCATTAAG	GCCCAAG			
GATAS	Reverse	TTGTGGTGGTCTG	GACAGTTCG			
0720416	Forward	ATTGCCATCACAT	TGGCGTTT			
SIJGALO	Reverse	GCAAAGGACTCTT	FGAGGTCAG			
0 patin	Forward	CATGTACGTTGCT	ATCCAGGC			
p-acun	Reverse	CTCCTTAATGTCA	CGCACGA			
PCR primers for pro	moter activity as	says				
pGL3-ST3GAL6	Forward	TTTCTCTATCGAT	AGGTACC <u>TTCAC</u>	GAGGTCAGGGATAGAGC		
-promoter (WT)	Reverse	CTTAGATCGCAGA	ATCTCGAG <u>CATT</u>	TCTCTTCTGGGGCAGAG		
pGL3-ST3GAL6	Overlapping Forward	AACAAATGA <u>GC</u> GC	GGCTGCTCCATC	TGCTTGGTCGGTTTTC		
-promoter (mutant	Overlapping	GGAGCAGCCCGCTCATTTGTTCATCTATCCATATATCCATGT				
GATA3 binding site)	Reverse	ATCC				
pCDH-3XFLAG	Forward					
-GATAS Reverse IGCCCTCGATATCGAATTCACCCATGGCGGTGACC						
siRNA and shRNA s	equences (Sense					
siGATA3	siGATA3-1	CUCAUUAAGCCC	AAGCGAATT			
	siGATA3-2	GGGCUCUACUAC	AAGCUUCTT			
siST3GAL6	siST3GAL6-1	CAGCCUUAAACCU	JGAUUUATT			
	siST3GAL6-2	CGACUCCUAUGA	UGUAAUATT			
siRNA control	siNC	UUCUCCGAACGU	GUCACGUTT			
	shST3GAL6-1					
shST3GAL6		ATAATAGAGGATTTTTG				
	shST3GAL6-2	CCGGGATGAGAACATCAGCGGAATACTCGAGTATTCCGCT				
		GATGTTCTCATCTTTTG				
shRNA control	shCTL	CCGGGCGCGATAGCGCTAATAATTTCTCGAGAAATTATTAG				
	-	CGCTATCGCGCT				
Antibody	Company	Cat #	RRID	Application (Dilution)		
GATA3	BD	#558686	AB_2108590	WB (1: 500)		
GAPDH	Santa Cruz	sc-47724	AB_627678	WB (1: 1,000)		
MAL II	Vector Labs	B-1265	AB_2336569	WB (1:1,000); IF (1:100)		
ST3GAL6	Abcam	Ab106527	AB_10865191	WB (1:500); IHC (1:100)		
EGF Receptor	CST	#4267	AB_2246311	WB (1:1,000)		
phospho-EGF	CST	#3777 AB_2096270 WB (1:1,000)				
	CST					
	031	#4091	AB_915765	WB (1.1,000)		
priosprio-AKT (Ser473)	CST	#4060	AB_2315049	WB (1:1,000)		
p44/42 MAPK (ERK1/2)	CST	#4695	AB_390779	WB (1:1,000)		

Supplementary Table S1. List of oligonucleotide sequences and reagents

Cont'd				
phospho-p44/42				
MAPK (ERK1/2)	CST	#4370	AB_2315112	WB (1:1,000)
(Thr202/Tyr204)	Thr202/Tyr204)			
STAT3	CST	#9139	AB_331757	WB (1:1,000)
phospho-STAT3	CST	#01/15	AB 2401000	W/B (1·1 000)
(Tyr705)	001	#9143	AB_2491009	WB (1.1,000)
HRP-conjugated	Vector Labs	SA-5704	NA	WB (ready to use)
streptavidin		0/10/04	N.7 V.	
FITC-Avidin	BioLegend	#405101	N.A.	IF (1:1,000)
Goat α-rabbit HRP 2 nd antibody	Jackson	#846738	N.A.	WB (1:5,000)
Goat α-mouse HRP	Research	#047070		M/D (1-E 000)
2 nd antibody	Research	#847273 N.A.	VVB (1:5,000)	
Kit and Reagents		Comp	any	Cat #
AceQ Universal SYB	R qPCR Master	Vazvme		0511-02
Mix				Q011-02
Cell Counting Kit-8 (C	CK-8)	Vazyme		A311-01
CloneExpress II One	Step Cloning Kit	Vazyme		C112
Corning BioCoat 24-	Multiwell Tumor	Corning		#354165
Cell Invasion Systems	8	Corring		
DAB visualization kit		Maixin_Bio		DAB-0031
Dual Luciferase Repo	rter Gene Kit	Beyotime		RG027
EDTA-free Protease I	nhibitor Cocktail	Roche		#4693132001
Fast Silver Stain Kit		Beyotime		P0017S
Hoechst		Thermo Scientific		#33342
Lipofectamine 3000		Invitrogen		L3000008
Lipofectamine RNAiN	IAX reagent	Invitrogen		#13778
Mut Express II Fast V2	Mutagenesis Kit	Vazyme		C214-02
QuantiTect Reverse 1	Transcription Kit	QIAGEN		#205311
SuperSignal West Chemiluminescent Su	Pico PLUS Ibstrate	Thermo Scientific		#34579
Trizol reagent		Invitrogen		#15596026

	Total	Cluster	Cluster	Cluster	Cluster	Cluster B1
		A1	A2	B1	B2	vs Others
	(n=408)	(n=75)	(n=146)	(n=154)	(n=33)	р
Age (years)						0.1361
Mean±SD	68.07	68.65	67.93	67.08	72.15	
	± 10.61	± 8.88	± 10.67	± 11.54	± 8.57	
Gender						0.1039
Male	301	59	98	121	23	
Female	107	16	48	33	10	
Grade						< 0.0001
Low	21	0	1	20	0	
High	384	74	145	132	33	
NA	3	1	0	2	0	
Stage						< 0.0001
I	2	1	0	1	0	
II	130	17	32	70	11	
III	140	27	62	43	8	
IV	134	30	52	38	14	
NA	2	0	0	2	0	

Supplementary Table S2. The clinicopathological associations among 4 clusters based on glycogene-type in TCGA-BLCA provisional dataset

Gene Symbol	GENE ID	Description	Cluster B1 <i>vs</i> Others p
B4GALNT1	2583	beta-1,4-N-acetyl-galactosaminyl-transferase 1	2.68E-28
B4GALNT2	124872	beta-1,4-N-acetyl-galactosaminyl-transferase 2	9.76E-07
CHSY3	337876	chondroitin sulfate synthase 3	1.66E-34
FUT7	2529	fucosyltransferase 7	1.25E-18
GALNT17	64409	Polypeptide N-acetylgalactosaminyltransferase 17	4.96E-19
GGTA1P	2681	glycoprotein, alpha-galactosyltransferase 1 pseudogene	4.73E-23
GLT1D1	144423	glycosyltransferase 1 domain containing 1	9.31E-30
GLT8D2	83468	glycosyltransferase 8 domain containing 2	6.30E-33
GXYLT2	727936	glucoside xylosyltransferase 2	1.65E-43
ST3GAL6	10402	ST3 beta-galactoside alpha-2,3 -sialyltransferase 6	2.38E-44
ST6GALNAC5	81849	ST6 N-acetylgalactosaminide alpha-2,6 -	2.15E-17
		sialyltransferase 5	
UGT2B15	7366	UDP glucuronosyltransferase family 2 member B15	4.01E-12
UGT2B28	54490	UDP glucuronosyltransferase family 2 member B28	1.39E-14
UGT2B4	7363	UDP glucuronosyltransferase family 2 member B4	6.45E-03

Supplementary Table S3. The 14 glycogenes differentiated the subcluster B1 from other three subclusters in TCGA provisional dataset

Variables	Univariate anal	ysis	Multivariate analysis		
variables	HR (95% Cl)	HR (95% Cl) p		р	
Overall Survival (OS)					
Cluster	1 092/1 290 2 940)	0.0000	1 662(1 145 0 446)	0.0076	
(Cluster I vs Cluster II)	1.902(1.300-2.049)	0.0002	1.003(1.145-2.410)	0.0076	
Age (Continuous)	1.032(1.017-1.048)	<0.0001	1.031(1.015-1.047)	<0.0001	
Gender (Female vs Male)	0.882(0.639-1.217)	0.445	0.913(0.659-1.263)	0.581	
Grade (Low vs High)	2.958(0.732-11.951)	0.128	1.281(0.307-5.343)	0.734	
Stage (Stage I-III vs IV)	2.282(1.703-3.057)	<0.0001	2.057(1.528-2.769)	<0.0001	
Disease free survival (DFS)					
Cluster					
(Cluster I vs Cluster II)	1.718(1.183-2.494)	0.004	1.385(0.944-2.030)	0.096	
Age (Continuous)	1.014(0.998-1.030)	0.084	1.010(0.994-1.027)	0.224	
Gender (Female vs Male)	0.905(0.630-1.300)	0.589	0.868(0.598-1.259)	0.455	
Grade (Low vs High)	3.076(0.759-12.47)	0.116	1.802(0.428-7.585)	0.422	
Stage (Stage I-III vs IV)	2.444(1.760-3.395)	<0.0001	2.282(1.624-3.205)	<0.0001	

Supplementary Table S4. Univariate and multivariate analyses of 14-glycogene signature for patients' outcomes in TCGA provisional dataset

Abbreviations: HR, Hazard ratio; CI, Confidence interval.

Supplementary Table S5. Univariate and multivariate analyses of 14-glycogene signature for overall survival in GSE32894 dataset

Variables	Univariate analys	is	Multivariate analysis		
Vallables	HR (95% CI)	HR (95% CI) p		р	
Cluster (Cluster I vs II)	2.500(1.133-5.513)	0.023	0.776(0.295-2.041)	0.608	
Age (Continuous)	0.975(0.945-1.007)	0.125	1.003(0.942-1.068)	0.921	
Gender (Female vs Male)	1.538(0.577-4.100)	0.389	1.387(0.446-4.310)	0.572	
Grade (G1/G2 vs G3/G4)	10.173(3.0333-4.126)	<0.0001	0.428(0.076-2.423)	0.337	
Stage (Ta/T1 vs T2-4)	45.087(10.617-191.473)	<0.0001	92.056(11.082-764.678)	<0.0001	

Abbreviations: HR, Hazard ratio; CI, Confidence interval.

Supplementary	Table	S6.	Univariate	and	multivariate	analyses	of	14-glycogene
signature for pa	tients'	outc	omes in GS	SE13	507 dataset			

Veriables	Univariate ana	lysis	Multivariate analysis		
Variables	HR (95% CI)	р	HR (95% CI)	р	
Overall survival (OS)					
Cluster (Cluster I vs II)	1.585(0.971-2.587)	0.065	1.525(0.895-2.598)	0.12	
Age (Continuous)	1.070(1.044-1.096)	<0.0001	1.077(1.048-1.106)	<0.0001	
Gender (Female vs Male)	0.641(0.361-1.138)	0.129	0.827(0.449-1.520)	0.54	
Grade (Low vs High)	2.740(1.694-4.433)	<0.0001	1.171(0.650-2.107)	0.599	
Stage (Ta/T1 vs T2-4)	2.730(1.688-4.415)	<0.0001	2.491(1.392-4.455)	0.002	
Cancer-specific survival (C	SS)				
Cluster (Cluster I vs II)	3.447(1.699-6.993)	0.001	2.547(1.107-5.861)	0.028	
Age (Continuous)	1.051(1.016-1.088)	0.004	1.074(1.027-1.123)	0.002	
Gender (Female vs Male)	0.477(0.22-1.032)	0.06	0.515(0.230-1.152)	0.106	
Grade (Low vs High)	5.985(2.757-12.992)	<0.0001	1.114(0.472-2.629)	0.806	
Stage (Ta/T1 vs T2-4)	17.897(6.251-51.244)	<0.0001	14.556(4.57-46.361)	<0.0001	

Abbreviations: HR, Hazard ratio; CI, Confidence interval.

Supplementary Table S7. The association between the protein expression level of ST3GAL6 and clinicopathological parameters in 52 UBC samples from our IHC cohort

Chausatariation		Expression	Expression of ST3GAL6			
Characteristics	n	high (n, %)	low (n, %)	р		
Gender				0.761		
Male	40	22(55.0%)	18(45.0%)			
Female	12	6(50.0%)	6(50.0%)			
Age				0.634		
≥ 65	30	17(56.7%)	13(43.3%)			
< 65	22	11(50.0%)	11(50.0%)			
Tumor grade				0.029		
Low	24	9(37.5%)	15(62.5%)			
High	28	19(67.9%)	9(32.1%)			
T stage				0.238		
Ta-T1	37	18(48.6%)	19(51.4%)			
T2-T4	15	10(66.7%)	5(33.3%)			
N stage				0.856		
N0	47	25(53.2%)	22(46.8%)			
≥ N1	5	3(60.0%)	2(40.0%)			

Supplementary Table S8. Univariate analysis of ST3GAL6 expression with overall survival in 52 UBC samples from our IHC cohort

Variables	HR (95% CI)	р
Age (<60 vs ≥60)	2.325 (0.852-6.344)	0.099
Gender (Female vs Male)	1.327 (0.488-3.605)	0.579
T stage (Ta-T1 vs T2-T4)	2.435 (0.947-6.259)	0.065
Grade (Low vs High)	4.505 (1.650-12.299)	0.003
ST3GAL6 expression (Low vs High)	2.951 (1.149-7.579)	0.025

Abbreviations: HR, Hazard ratio; CI, Confidence interval.