## ROS-Responsive Double-Layer Microneedles Enable Sequential Antibacterial and Immunomodulatory Therapy for Infected Wound Healing

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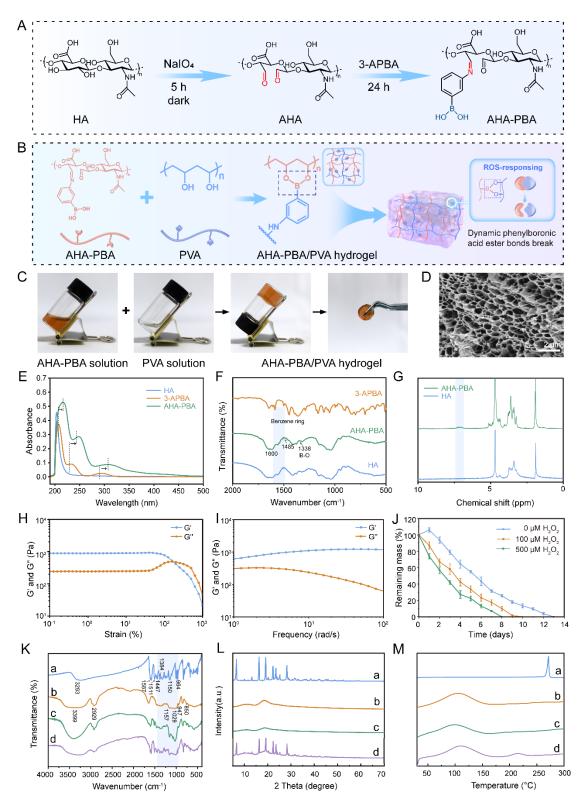
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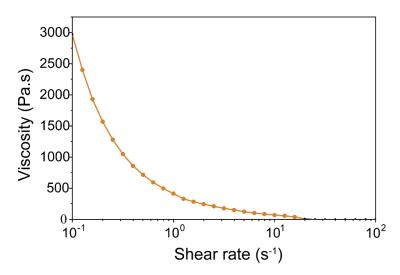
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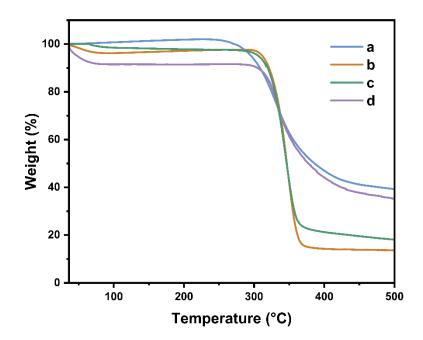


**Figure S1**. Successful Fabrication and Characterization of AHA-PBA/PVA Hydrogel. (A) Synthesis process of AHA-PBA. (B) Schematic of the synthesis route of AHA-PBA/PVA hydrogel. (C) Photographs of the AHA-PBA/PVA hydrogel before and after cross-linking. (D) SEM image of the freeze-dried AHA-PBA/PVA hydrogel (scale bar

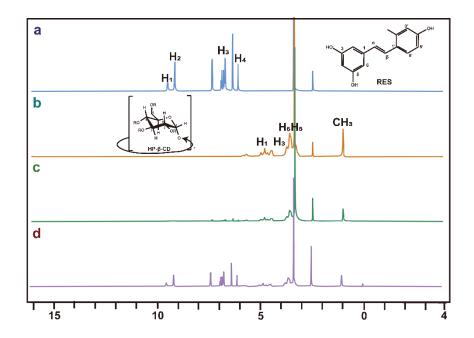
= 2 μm). (E) UV-vis absorption spectra of HA, 3-APBA, AHA-PBA. (F) FTIR spectra of HA, 3-APBA and AHA-PBA. (G)  $^{1}$ H NMR spectra of HA and AHA-PBA. (H-I) Rheological properties of AHA-PBA/PVA hydrogel: strain sweep (H) and frequency sweep (I). (J) Degradation behavior of AHA-PBA/PVA hydrogel in PBS containing 0, 100, and 500 μM  $H_{2}O_{2}$  (n = 3). (K-M) FTIR spectra (K), XRD patterns (L), and DSC curves (M) of RES (a), HP-β-CD (b), RES inclusion complexes (c), and physical mixture (d).



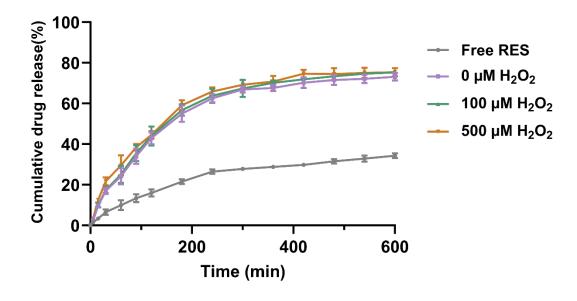
**Figure S2:** The viscosity of AHA-PBA/PVA hydrogels with the shear rate (0.1-100 s<sup>-1</sup>).



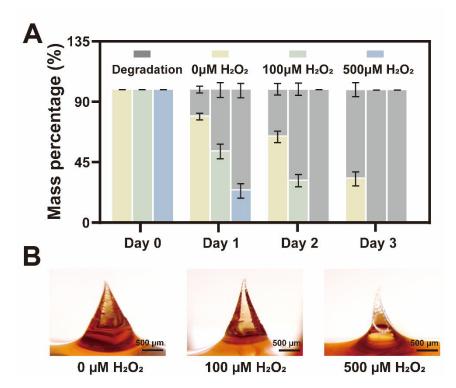
**Figure S3:** Thermogravimetric Characterization of RES (a), HP- $\beta$ -CD (b), RES inclusion complexes (c), and physical mixture (d).



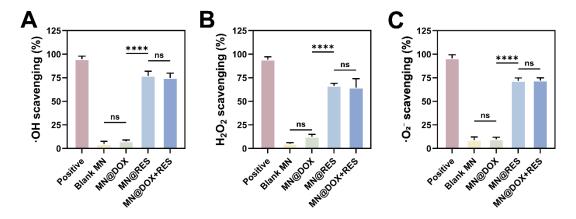
**Figure S4:** <sup>1</sup>H NMR characterization of RES (a), HP-β-CD (b), RES inclusion complexes (c), and physical mixture (d).



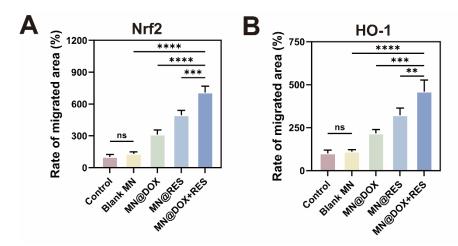
**Figure S5:** *In vitro* cumulative drug release profiles of free RES and RES inclusion complexes under varying concentrations of  $H_2O_2$  (n = 3).



**Figure S6:** (A) Degradation behavior of AHA-PBA/PVA patches in PBS containing 0, 100, and 500  $\mu$ M H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub> (n = 3). (B) Macroscopic representative view of AHA-PBA/PVA tips after one day of degradation.



**Figure S7:** Quantitative Analysis of Radical Scavenging Rates for OH· (A), H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub> (B), and ·O<sub>2</sub><sup>-</sup> (C). Statistical difference expression: ns, p > 0.05; \*\*\*\*p < 0.0001, n = 3.



**Figure S8:** Semi-quantitative analysis of the relative positive areas of Nrf2 (A) and HO-1 (B). Statistical difference expression: ns, p > 0.05; \*\*p < 0.01; \*\*\*p < 0.001; \*\*\*\*p < 0.0001, (n = 5).

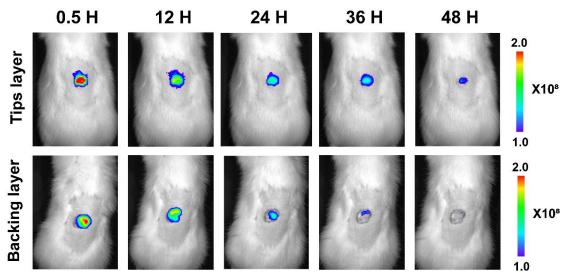


Figure S9: In vivo imaging in rats using MN patches loaded with fluorescent dyes.

Table S1. Primers of Keap1/Nrf2/HO-1 pathway-related genes

Gene	Primer sequence(5'-3')
β-actin	F: GTGCTATGTTGCTCTAGACTTCG
	R: ATGCCACAGGATTCCATACC
IL-6	F: TCTATACCACTTCACAAGTCGGA
	R: GAATTGCCATTGCACAACTCTTT
<i>IL-1β</i>	F: GAAATGCCACCTTTTGACAGTG

	R: TGGATGCTCTCATCAGGACAG
SOD-1	F: CACTTCGAGCAGAAGGCAAG
	R: CCCCATACTGATGGACGTGG
CAT	F: GGAGGCGGAACCCAATAG
	R: GTGTGCCATCTCGTCAGTGAA